

Carbon and Forest Management Work Group Summary of Model Results



June 11, 2025 | 9am – 3pm

Meeting #13

In this presentation

- We will conduct a high-level overview of the carbon study results.
- We will mention a couple of conclusions from the economic study for context.
- The rest of the economic study results will be summarized in the June 25, 2025 work group meeting.





Carbon Results

In support of:

 Increasing carbon sequestration and storage in forests and harvested wood products from DNR-managed forestlands

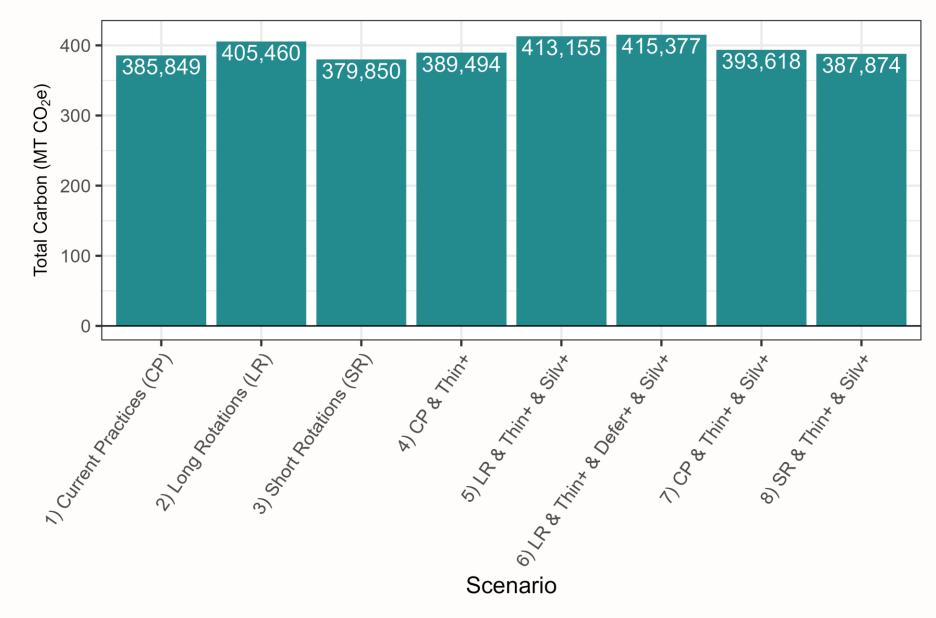




Mean Annual Total Carbon (MT CO₂e)

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

Without climate change





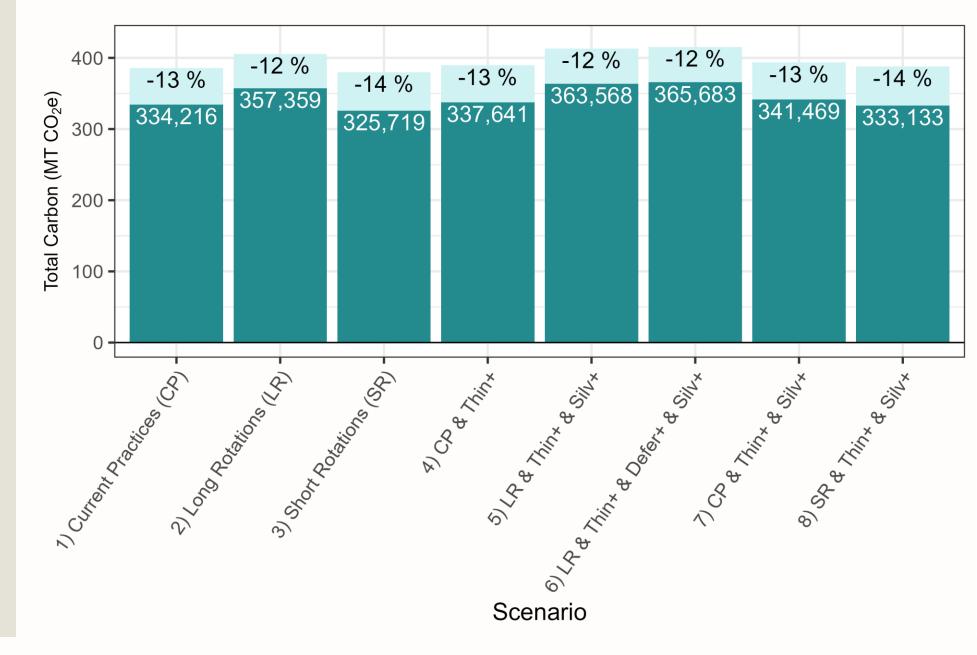




Mean Annual Total Carbon (MT CO₂e)

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

With climate change





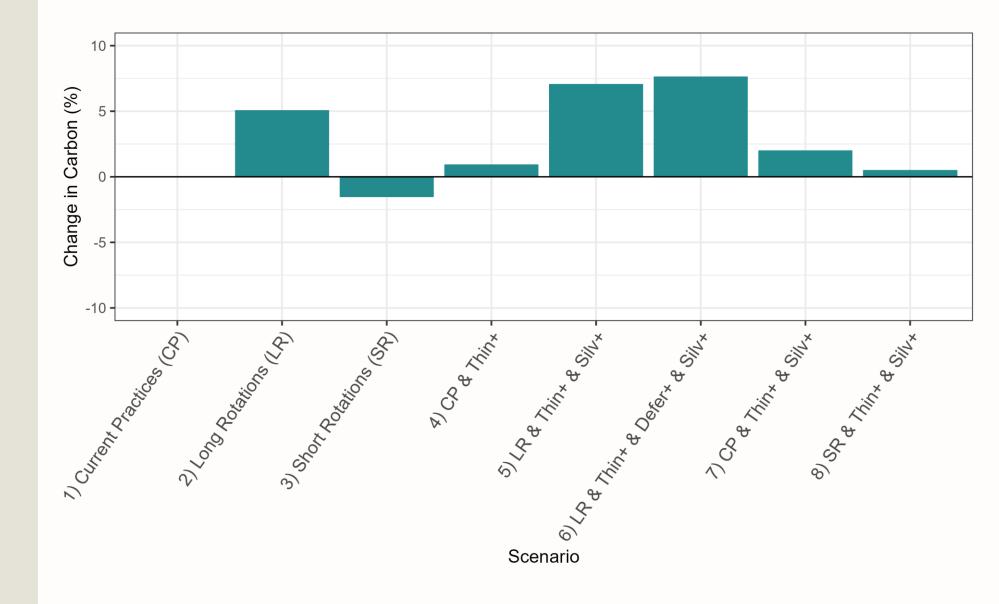


Mean Annual Total Carbon (MTCO₂e)

% Change in Carbon Compared to Scenario 1

DNR-managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

Without climate change







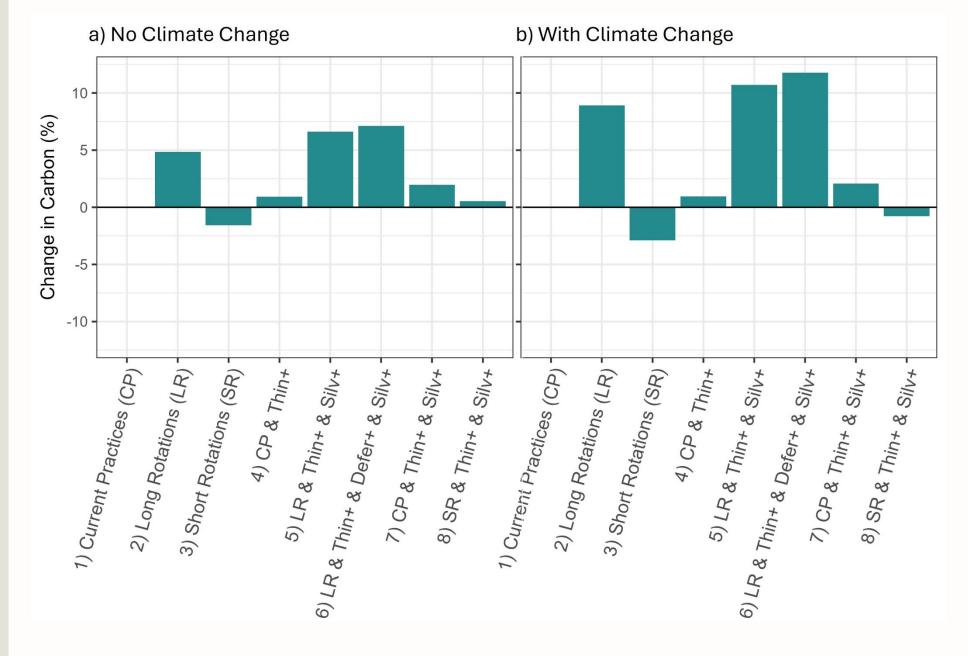


Mean Annual Total Carbon (MTCO₂e)

% Change in Carbon Compared to Scenario 1

DNR-managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

With and without climate change







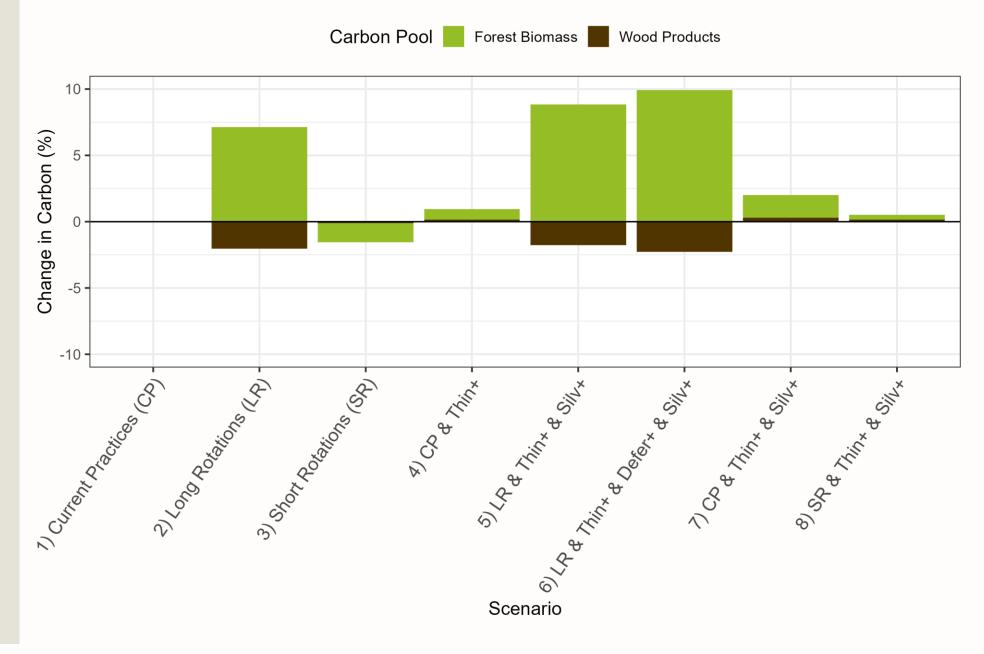


Mean Annual Total Carbon by Pool (MTCO₂e)

% Change in Carbon Compared to Scenario 1

DNR-managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

Without climate change









Carbon Storage Takeaways, Without Climate Change

- Carbon study: As compared to Scenario 1, carbon storage on DNR-managed lands is simulated to increase over time under all scenarios except Scenario 3. Gains are the highest under long rotation scenarios.
- **Economic study**: Leakage will occur on private lands, which will affect total carbon storage across all ownerships.

- Scenario 1: DNR
 Current Operations
- Scenario 2: Lengthen harvest rotation
- Scenario 3: Shorten harvest rotation
- **Scenario 4**: Significantly increase thinning
- Scenario 5: 2 + 4 + silviculture
- Scenario 6:
 2 + 4 + silviculture +
 deferrals
- Scenario 7: 4 + silviculture
- Scenario 8: 3 + 4 + silviculture





Carbon Storage Takeaways, With Climate Change, Carbon Study

- The general pattern for carbon storage under the scenarios remains the same with climate change.
- Mean annual carbon storage in GEM and Upland areas is 12 to 14 percent less under climate change, depending on scenario.
- Climate change effects are minor initially (first 3 decades) but then flatten out carbon increases.

- Scenario 1: DNR
 Current Operations
- Scenario 2: Lengthen harvest rotation
- Scenario 3: Shorten harvest rotation
- Scenario 4: Significantly increase thinning
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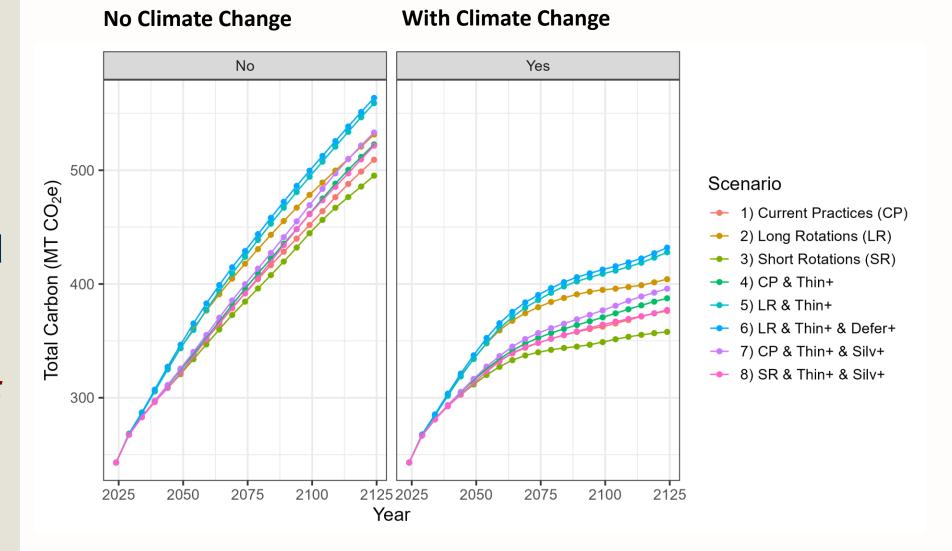




Total Carbon (MT CO₂e)

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

With and without climate change









Simulated Timber Yield Results

In support of:

- Generating predictable beneficiary revenue, and
- Maintaining timber supplies that support local industry

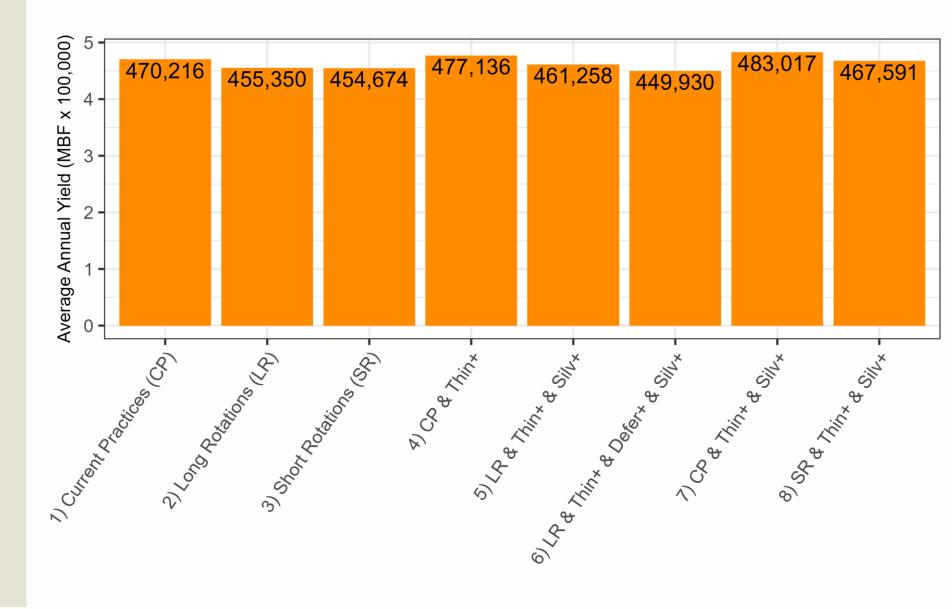




Average Annual Simulated Timber Yield (MBF)

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

Without climate change



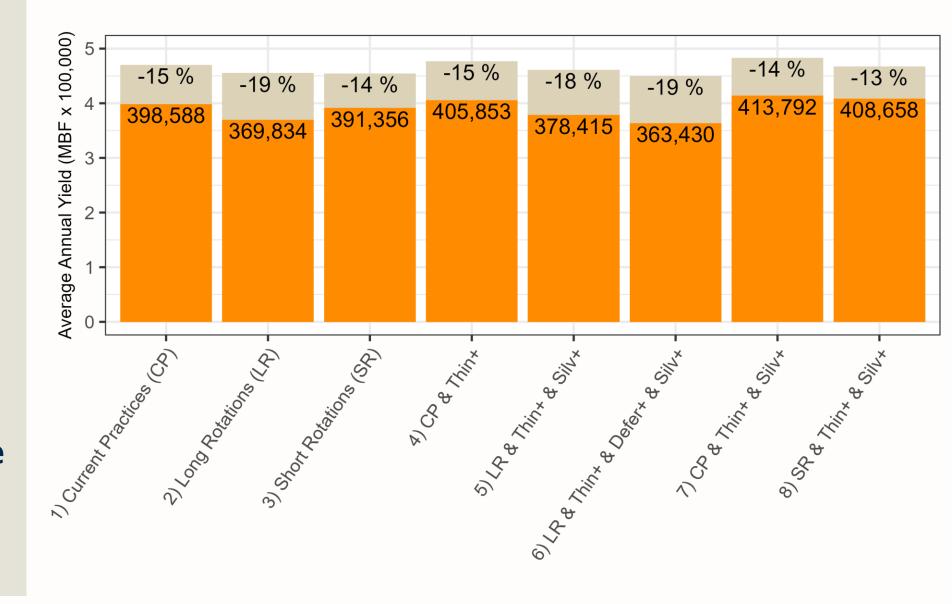




Average Annual Simulated Timber Yield (MBF)

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

With climate change



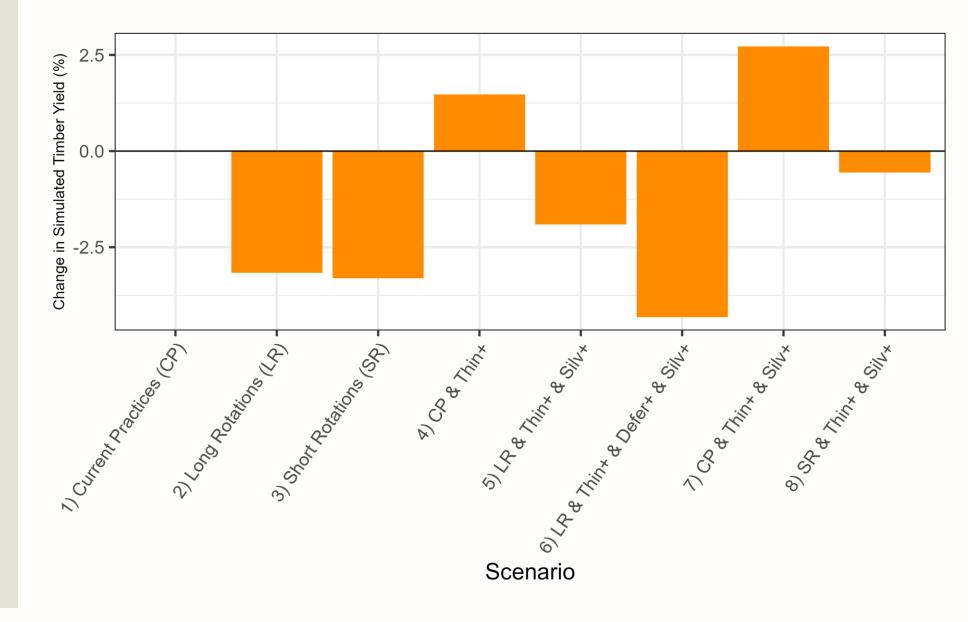




Percent Change in Simulated Timber Yield as Compared to Scenario 1

DNR-managed lands (GEM and Uplands)

Without Climate Change



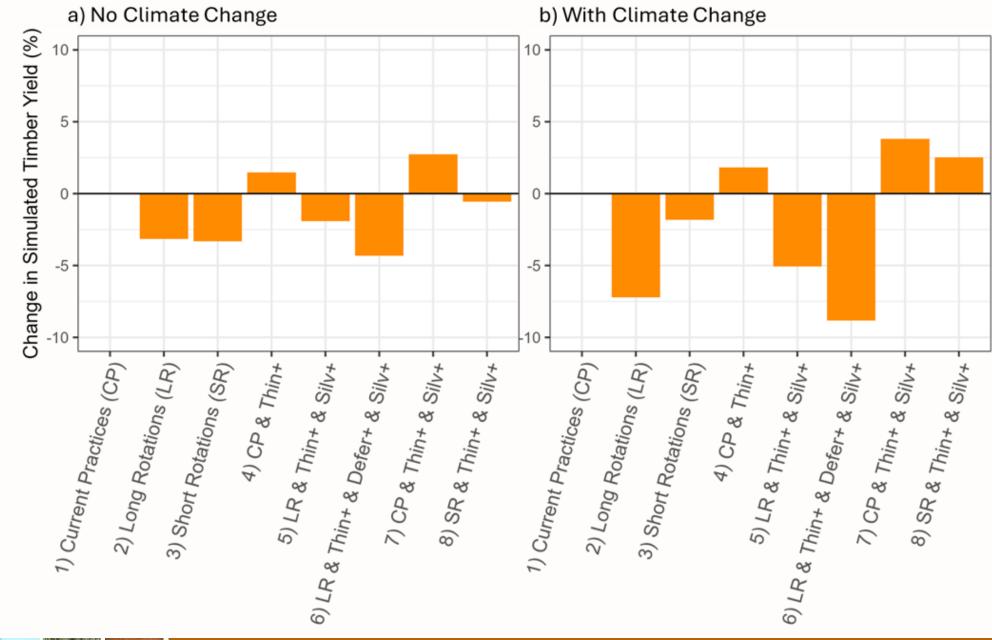




Percent
Change in
Simulated
Timber Yield
as Compared
to Scenario 1

With and Without Climate Change

DNR-managed lands (GEM and Uplands)





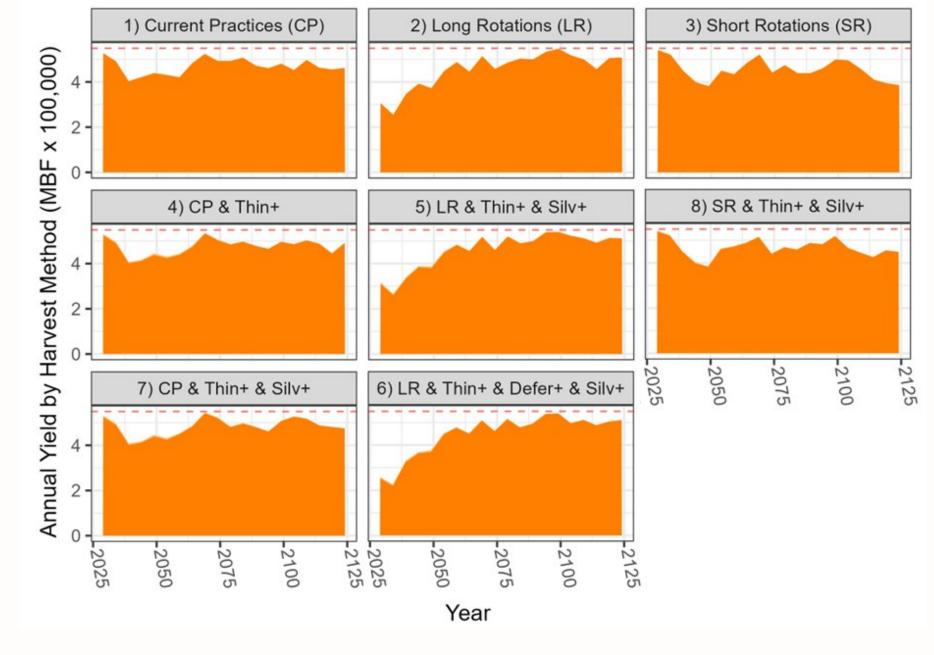




Annual
Simulated
Timber Yield
(MBF):
Fluctuations
Over Time

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

Without Climate Change



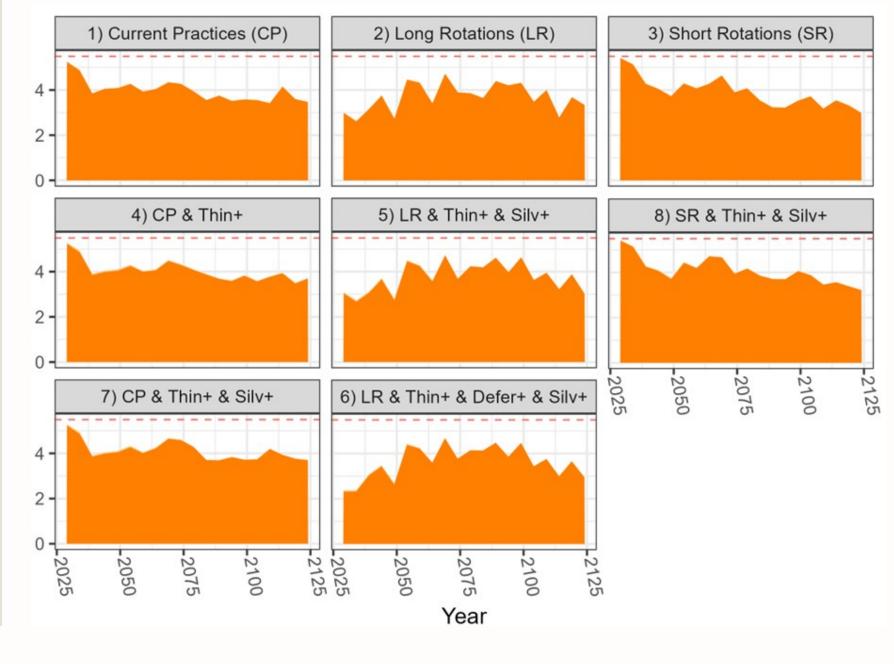




Annual Timber Yield (MBF): Fluctuations Over Time

DNR-Managed Lands (GEM and Uplands)

With Climate Change







Timber Yield Takeaways, Without Climate Change

- Carbon study: Scenarios 4 and 7 increased harvest levels as compared to Scenario 1. The increase was highest for Scenario 7.
 All other scenarios had a lower harvest volume than Scenario 1. Of these, Scenario 6 had the largest decrease.
- **Economic study:** Because private forestland owners are expected to respond to changes in harvest on DNR-managed lands, impacts on overall harvest levels in western Washington should be minimal over the analysis period.

- Scenario 1: DNR
 Current Operations
- Scenario 2: Lengthen harvest rotation
- Scenario 3: Shorten harvest rotation
- Scenario 4: Significantly increase thinning
- Scenario 5: 2 + 4 + silviculture
- Scenario 6:
 2 + 4 + silviculture +
 deferrals
- Scenario 7: 4 + silviculture
- Scenario 8: 3 + 4 + silviculture





Timber Yield Takeaways, With Climate Change, Carbon Study

- The general pattern across scenarios holds for timber yield and carbon with or without climate change.
- Mean annual timber yields decreased 13 to 19 percent under climate change, depending on scenario.

- Scenario 1: DNR
 Current Operations
- Scenario 2: Lengthen harvest rotation
- Scenario 3: Shorten harvest rotation
- Scenario 4: Significantly increase thinning
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Deferrals

In support of:

 Conserving and managing older, carbon-dense, structurally complex forest stands located on DNR-managed lands





Increase in Deferral of Older, Carbon-dense, Structurally Complex Forest Under Scenario 6

- Deferred 66,725 acres of forest age 80 years or older as of 2024.
- Used age as a surrogate for structure.
- No other scenarios included this component.





Other Proviso Goals

- Addressing economic needs in rural communities: These results were
 provided by Evergreen today and will be summarized at the start of the June 25
 meeting.
- Predictable beneficiary revenue: If directed by the Board of Natural
 Resources, DNR will analyze the recommendations as alternatives in the
 Sustainable Harvest Calculation (SHC). As part of the SHC process, DNR will
 determine the potential revenue of each alternative by trust. The State
 Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) process for the SHC has several opportunities
 for public comment.





Putting it All Together: Carbon





Scenario	% difference mean annual stored carbon	% difference mean annual stored carbon	% difference mean annual simulated timber yield	
	DNR only	DNR only	DNR only lands	DNR only lands
	No climate change	Climate change	No climate change	Climate change
Scenario 1 stats	386 mean Mt CO2e/yr	386 mean Mt CO2e/yr	470,216 mean MBF/yr	470,216 mean MBF/yr
2: Lengthen Harvest Rotation	5.1	6.9	(3.2)	(7.2)
3: Shorten Harvest Rotation	(1.6)	(2.5)	(3.3)	(1.8)
4: Significantly Increase Thinning	0.9	1.0	1.5	1.8
5: 2+4+Silviculture	7.1	8.8	(1.9)	(5.1)
6: 2+4+Silviculture+ Deferrals	7.7	9.4	(4.3)	(8.8)
7: 4+ Silviculture	2.0	2.2	2.7	3.8
8: 3+4+Silviculture	0.5	(0.3)	(0.6)	2.5





Questions and Discussion



