Α.	RA	CK	GR	OΙ	IND

A. BACKGROUND
1. Name of proposed project, if applicable:
Timber Sale Name: SKEETER Agreement # 106464
2. Name of applicant: Washington Department of Natural Resources
3. Address and phone number of applicant and contact person:
David Riley Dept. of Natural Resources 411 Tillicum Lane Forks, WA 98331 (360) 640 - 5370
4. Date checklist prepared: 02/15/2024
5. Agency requesting checklist: Washington Department of Natural Resources
6. Proposed timing or schedule (including phasing, if applicable):a. Auction Date:02/26/2024
b. Planned contract end date (but may be extended): 10/31/2026
c. Phasing: None
7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain.
Future timber sales may be planned in the surrounding area.
\square No, go to question 8. \boxtimes Yes, identify any plans under A-7-a through A-7-d:
a. Site Preparation:

Assessment will occur after completion of harvest. Site preparation including a chemical herbicide application, may be used to ensure that planting is successful at acceptable levels to meet or exceed Forest Practice standards. b. Regeneration Method:

Sale will be hand planted with native conifer seedlings following harvest.

c. Vegetation Management:

A continued assessment of units to determine future vegetation management strategy will be required. Treatments will be based on vegetative competition and will ensure a free-to-grow status that complies with Forest Practice standards.

d. Other:

Road maintenance assessments will be conducted and may include periodic ditch and culvert cleanout, and grading as necessary.

8. List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, directly related to this proposal. *Note: All documents are available upon request at the DNR Region Office*.

⊠ 303 (d) – listed water body in WAU: Portions of Goodman Creek
\boxtimes temp
\square sediment
\square completed TMDL (total maximum daily load)
□ Landscape plan: OESF Forest Land Plan (2016)
☐ Watershed analysis:
☐ Interdisciplinary team (ID Team) report:
⊠ Road design plan: Skeeter Timber Sale Road Plan (May 6, 2024)
☐ Wildlife report:
☑ Geotechnical report: Skeeter Geologic Memo (June 3, 2024)
\square Slope Stability additional information form:
⊘ Other specialist report(s): Stand Development Stage Assessment, WOGHI memo
\square <i>Memorandum of understanding (sportsmen's groups, neighborhood associations, tribes, etc.):</i>
⊠ Rock pit plan: Mosquito Pit, North Winfield Pit, South Winfield Pit (May 6, 2024)
☑ Other: NSO Best 70 Map

The following analyses, policies, procedures, documents, and data layers directly pertain to or were reviewed as part of this proposal and are incorporated by reference:

- DNR Policies and Implementation
 - Policy for Sustainable Forests (PSF; 2006a)
 - o Final Environmental Impact Statement on the Policy for Sustainable Forests (2006b)
 - Alternatives for the Establishment of a Sustainable Harvest Level for Forested State Trust Lands in Western Washington Final Environmental Impact Statement (2019)
 - Landscape Assessment to Identify and Manage Structurally Complex Stands to Meet Older-Forest Targets in Western Washington, May 2024 (Revised September 2024).
 - Identifying Mature and Old Forests in Western Washington by Robert Van Pelt (2007).
 - Silvicultural Rotational Prescriptions

- Land Resource Manager Reports and associated maps
- DNR Trust Lands Habitat Conservation Plan and Supplemental Information
 - o Final Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP; 1997)
 - Final (Merged) Environmental Impact Statement for the Habitat Conservation Plan (1998)
 - Long-Term Conservation Strategy for the Marbled Murrelet Final Environmental Impact Statement (2019)
 - Final State Trust Lands Habitat Conservation Plan Amendment: Marbled Murrelet Long-term Conservation Strategy
 - o Riparian Forest Restoration Strategy (RFRS; 2006)
 - o Spotted Owl Habitat GIS Layer
 - o Marbled Murrelet Habitat GIS Layer
 - o WAU Rain-On-Snow GIS Layer and Reports
 - o Biological Opinion on the HCP, USFWS; January 27, 1997
 - o Biological Opinion on the HCP, NMFS; January 29, 1997
 - Biological Opinion on the HCP Marbled Murrelet Long-term Conservation Strategy Amendment, USFWS; November 7, 2019
 - Reinitiated Biological Opinion on the Incidental Take Permit (PRT-812521), USFWS; March 21, 2024
- Forest Practices Regulations and Compliance
 - o Forest Practices Board Manual
 - Forest Practices Activity Maps
 - o Trust Lands HCP Addendum and Checklist
- o Supporting Data for Unstable Slopes Review
 - State Lands Geologist Remote Review (SLGRR)
 - Lidar Data and Derivatives
 - o Draft Landform Remote Identification Model (LRIM) screening tool
 - Published Landslide Inventories
 - Historic Aerial Photographs
 - o Published Geologic Mapping
- Supporting Data for Cultural Resources Review
 - Historical Aerial Photographs
 - USGS and GLO maps
 - Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation database for architectural and archaeological resources and reports (WISAARD)
- Additional Supporting Data for Policy Compliance
 - Weighted Old Growth Habitat Index (WOGHI)
 - o State Soil Survey
 - Stand Development Stage Assessment form

Referenced documents may be obtained at the Olympic Region office during the SEPA review period.

9. Do you know whether applications are pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain.

None known.

10. List any governmen	t approvals or permi	ts that will be needed for your proposal, if known.
⊠ <i>FPA/FPHP</i> #		Board of Natural Resources Approval
\square Burning permit $\ \square$ S	Shoreline permit \square	Existing HPA
\square Other:		

- 11. Give brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page. (Lead agencies may modify this form to include additional specific information on project description.)
 - a. Complete proposal description:

Description of proposal: The Skeeter timber sale application #30-106464, and associated forest practice #2618463 is a 3-unit Variable Retention Harvest (VRH) proposal with a cruised volume of 4,184 mbf located in the Goodman-Mosquito Watershed Administrative Unit. The proposed harvest encompasses approximately 271 gross acres; of this there are 163 acres of VRH, 93 acres of Riparian Management Zones (RMZs), Wetland Management Zones (WMZs), and unstable slope protection, 7 acres of Leave Tree Areas (LTAs), and 8 acres of existing roads. This sale area will be harvested using predominately ground based harvesting with minor amounts of cable logging. Approximately 54,765 feet of pre-haul maintenance, 1,855 feet of new construction, and 465 feet of reconstruction to provide access to the sale area. Rock will be obtained from Mosquito, North Winfield, and South Winfield pits.

Unit	Gross Proposal (Acres)	Riparian Management Zones/Unstable Slope Protection (Acres)	Wetland Management Zones (Acres)	Existing Roads (Acres)	Leave Tree Area (Acres)	Net Harvest (Acres)
1	136	46	0	3	4	83
2	134	44	3	5	3	79
3	1	0	0	0	0	1
Totals	271	90	3	8	7	163

b. Describe the stand of timber pre-harvest (include major timber species and origin date), type of harvest and overall unit objectives.

Pre-harvest Stand Description:

Unit	Origin Date	Major Timber Species	Slope (%)	Elevation Range (ft)
1	Post 1970	SS, WH, DF, RC	0-100	200-600
2	Post 1970	SS, WH, DF, RC	0-70	120-480
3	Post 1970	RA, DF, WH	0-100	520

In the Skeeter Timber Sale 163 net acres are being harvested, while 100 acres (37% of the proposal area) are being conserved from the overall proposal area that was evaluated for harvest. These conservation areas may include potentially unstable slopes, riparian and wetland management zones and other conservation areas. Many of these conservation areas are regeneration harvest deferred and will contribute to older-forests over time. The stage of stand development for the harvest areas within this proposal on the stand level scoring using the Van Pelt guide (Van Pelt 2007) includes portions of Biomass Accumulation and Stem Exclusion in all units.

Type of Harvest:

Unit	Harvest Type (VDT/VRH/etc)	Volume to be Harvested (mbf)	Volume to be Harvested (%)	Individual Leave Trees	Clumped Leave Trees	Total Leave Trees
1	VRH	2,187	98	255	461	716
2	VRH	1,991	98	105	631	736
3	ROW	6	100	0	0	0

Overall Unit Objectives:

The overall objectives for this sale includes the production of saw logs and pulp material to generate revenue for trusts while expediting the development of a more diverse multistoried canopy layer in the future stand. This will be accomplished through the leave tree retention strategy and riparian management zones (RMZ). Approximately 100 acres (60%) have been set aside for unstable slopes, RMZs, WMZs and LTAs. These stands will be managed to protect site productivity and maintain the integrity and water quality of adjacent streams.

Ecological - Promote diverse forest structure across the landscape while preserving ecological integrity and function.

Economic - Generate revenue for the Common School and Indemnity (03) Trust.

Statute- Comply with Washington DNR's HCP, OESF FLP, the Policy for Sustainable Forests, and Forest Practice Rules and Regulations.

Social- Accommodate dispersed informal recreational activities on DNR managed lands while also identifying and protecting historical and archaeological sites consistent with state/federal law.

Specific objectives are to provide riparian protection, protection of moderate or high risk of slope failure and delivery to a public resource, and protection of soils and habitat conservation for threatened and endangered species. Riparian protection measures were designed for all waters in and adjacent to this proposal in accordance with DNR's OESF Riparian strategy.

c. Describe planned road activity. Include information on any rock pits that will be used in this proposal. See associated forest practice application (FPA) for maps and more details.

Type of Activity	How	Length (feet)	Acres	Fish Barrier
	Many	(Estimated)	(Estimated)	Removals (#)
Construction		1,855	0.6	0
Reconstruction		465		0
Abandonment		0	0	0
Maintenance		54,765		0
Bridge Install/Replace	0			0
Stream Culvert Install/Replace	0			0
(fish)				
Stream Culvert Install/Replace (no	3			
fish)				
Cross-Drain Install/Replace	10			

Rock Pits:

Mosquito pit will be expanded to allow for nearby native ballast material for road reconstruction. Windfield Pit North and South will be used for other rock needs.

- 12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person to understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, and range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" as referenced on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)
 - a. Legal description: T27-0N R14-0W S36
 - b. Distance and direction from nearest town (see the driving map listed on the DNR website for further information):

The Skeeter timber sale proposal is in Jefferson County, approximately 27 road miles south of Forks, WA on the G3600 road system.

13. Cumulative Effects

a. Briefly describe any known environmental concerns that exist regarding elements of the environment in the associated WAU(s). (See WAC 197-11-444 for what is considered an element of the environment).

This proposal is located within the Goodman-Mosquito WAU. Ownership across the WAU includes large industrial forests, private land owners, federal lands, and Department of Natural Resources managed forests. Forested stands within the WAU appear to be primarily second and third growth stands with old growth stands scattered across the landscape. The number of forest practice activities shown on the WAU maps, along with observations within the WAU indicate that the WAU is intensively managed for timber production.

DNR analyzed carbon sequestration and carbon emissions from projected land management activities within its final environmental impact (FEIS) statement for the 2015-2024 Sustainable Harvest Calculation and the FEIS for the 2019 HCP Long-Term Conservation Strategy for the Marbled Murrelet. At the western Washington scale, land management activities on DNR-managed lands sequester more carbon than emitted. Individual activities, such as this proposal, are likely to emit some greenhouse gases, including CO2; however, at the landscape scale, DNR's sustainable land management activities, including this proposal, sequester more carbon than they emit. Evaluating carbon sequestration at the western Washington scale is appropriate because a determination of net carbon emissions must consider both the carbon sequestered and the carbon emissions from management within the same analysis area (western Washington).

Recognizing the climate and carbon benefits of working forests in Washington's Climate Commitment Act (RCW 70A.45.005), the legislature found that Washington should maintain and enhance the state's ability to continue to sequester carbon through natural and working lands and forest products. Further, "Washington's existing forest products sector, including public and private working forests and the harvesting, transportation, and manufacturing sectors that enable working forests to remain on the land and the state to be a global supplier of forest products, is, according to a University of Washington study analyzing the global warming mitigating role of wood products from Washington's private forests, an industrial sector that currently operates as a significant net sequesterer of carbon. This value, which is only provided through the maintenance of an intact and synergistic industrial sector, is an integral component of the state's contribution to the global climate response and efforts to mitigate carbon emissions." RCW 70A.45.090(1)(a).

The legislature also found that the 2019 Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) report "identifies several measures where sustainable forest management and forest products may be utilized to maintain and enhance carbon sequestration. These include increasing the carbon sequestration potential of forests and forest products by maintaining and expanding the forestland base, reducing emissions from land conversion to non-forest uses, increasing forest resiliency to reduce the risk of carbon releases from disturbances such as wildfire, pest infestation, and disease, and applying sustainable forest management techniques to maintain or enhance forest carbon stocks and forest carbon sinks, including through the transference of carbon to wood products" (2020 Washington Laws Ch. 120 §1(2)).

DNR is legally required (RCW 79.10.320) to periodically calculate a sustainable harvest level and manages state trust lands sustainably. DNR has also maintained (statewide) a forest management certificate to the Sustainable Forestry Initiative standard since 2006. In managing state trust lands sustainably, DNR sequesters more carbon than it emits while conducting land management activities such as this proposal.

The timber harvested from DNR-managed lands is used to produce climate-smart forest products. The climate impacts of DNR's land management are analyzed in multiple environmental impact statements that have informed the Board of Natural Resources' decisions and are consistent with the IPCC, which states that "[m]eeting society's needs for timber through intensive management of a smaller forest area creates opportunities for enhanced forest protection and conservation in other areas, thus contributing to climate change mitigation."

b. Briefly describe existing plans and programs (i.e. the HCP, DNR landscape plans, retention tree plans) and current forest practice rules that provide/require mitigation to protect against potential impacts to environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a.

This proposal and all future management activities on DNR lands will be conducted in accordance with the DNR's Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP, 1997), the Policy for Sustainable Forests (2006), and Forest Practice Rules. The HCP is an agreement with the federal government that requires the DNR to manage the landscapes with the intent to preserve and enhance habitat. In accordance with its terms, the following applicable strategies are found to provide a conservation benefit for multiple species:

- Deferring harvest from unstable slopes
- Retaining Riparian Management Zones (RMZ's) on typed waters. This includes a variable width interior core buffer on type 1, 3, 4, unstable type 5 streams. Equipment limitation zones are required on all streams
- Retaining a minimum of 8 leave tree per acre dispersed and clumped throughout VRH units
- Designing, constructing, and maintaining a road system to minimize potential adverse effects on the environment
- Implementing procedures pertaining to threatened and endangered species

The Department of Natural Resources has a multi-species Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Marine Fisheries Service concerning threatened and endangered species and their habitats, which requires the Department to manage landscapes to provide and sustain long-term habitat in exchange for an Incidental Take Permit. This agreement substantially helps the Department to mitigate for cumulative effects related to management activities. The Department follows Forest Practices Rules as applicable to roads and potentially unstable slopes. The Department follows Forest Protections related to fire hazard mitigation. The General Silviculture Strategy (policy) in the Policy for Sustainable Forests (PSF) emphasized that older-forest targets will be accomplished over time and that DNR intends to actively manage structurally complex forests to achieve older-forest structures (i.e. stands with older-forests identified by structural characteristics) across 10 to 15 percent of each western Washington HCP planning unit in 70 to 100 years from the adoption of the PSF.

In September 2024, the DNR revised a document titled 'Landscape Assessment to Identify and Manage Structurally Complex Stands to Meet Older-Forest Targets in Western Washington, May 2024' (landscape assessment). This document describes the background, historical analyses regarding attainment of older-forest conditions in western Washington, and updated data and modeling analyses showing when the various HCP planning units across western Washington are expected to attain a level of older-forest conditions through implementation of the HCP and other conservation objectives, and outlined as targets within the PSF.

This landscape assessment identifies the existing structurally complex stands, and additional suitable stands, to be managed for older-forest targets over time. The identified stands are located in conservation areas and deferred stands unavailable for regeneration harvest. These stands include areas identified as long-term forest cover under the marbled murrelet long-term conservation strategy, riparian areas, areas conserved under the multispecies conservation strategy, potentially unstable slopes, spotted owl nest patches, old growth, Natural Areas and Natural Resource Conservation Areas, and other conservation areas permanently deferred from regeneration harvest.

Some of these conservation areas are based on specific HCP strategies that are spatially fixed and conserved on the landscape, such as marbled murrelet occupied sites or spotted owl nest patches. However, other conservation areas are modeled and must be field verified based on HCP strategies, such as riparian areas or unstable slopes. There is naturally some adjustment to the location, absence, or presence of conservation areas upon field verification. This timber sale has been field verified for compliance with all conservation objectives and the planned harvest units are determined not to be regeneration harvest deferred and are available for harvest. These harvest areas also do not count towards the attainment of older-forests over time and have been excluded from the calculations and tables included in the landscape assessment. Conversely, when field verification identifies specific areas required for conservation, they will be protected from harvest and included in future conservation area modeling.

The results from the landscape assessment, and included in the above referenced memorandum, show that the OESF HCP Planning Unit currently contains at least 10% older-forest conditions.

Table A. Percent area western Washington HCP planning units with older-forest stands in conservation areas by decade through 2120. With plot discounts and disturbance factor. Landscape Assessment to Identify and Manage Structurally Complex Stands to Meet Older-Forest Targets in Western Washington, May 2024 (Revised September 2024).

ADJUSTED QUERY OUTPUT (WITH PLOT DISCOUNT & DISTURBANCE FACTOR)											
HCP Planning						Year					
Unit	2021	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100	2110	2120
COLUMBIA	1.0%	1.2%	1.4%	1.7%	2.4%	3.9%	6.2%	9.4%	13.3%	16.5%	18.2%
N. PUGET	3.2%	3.9%	4.9%	6.2%	7.9%	10.2%	13.2%	16.7%	20.5%	23.9%	25.0%
OESF	10.2%	10.7%	11.0%	11.7%	12.6%	13.9%	15.9%	20.0%	24.9%	28.3%	29.5%
S. COAST	0.2%	0.3%	0.6%	1.2%	2.1%	3.6%	5.9%	8.8%	12.2%	15.9%	18.6%
S. PUGET	1.7%	2.2%	2.7%	3.6%	4.6%	6.1%	8.4%	11.3%	14.4%	17.1%	18.7%
STRAITS	1.9%	2.6%	3.2%	4.3%	5.6%	7.4%	9.9%	12.6%	15.1%	18.0%	19.5%

DNR has designated forest stand acreage within regeneration harvest deferred areas in each HCP planning unit to meet or exceed the policy's 10% older-forest target. This identified acreage is designated in DNR's GIS database as the Westside Forest Cover (Conservation Areas) and Older-Forest in Conservation Areas layers.

The Skeeter Timber Sale is not identified as one of those stands designated to meet older-forest targets over time. Following the timber sale, the variable retention harvest units will be replanted with native, conifer tree species that will be supplemented by natural regeneration expected to occur as a result of the conservation areas in and around the harvest units.

c. Briefly describe any specific mitigation measures proposed, in addition to the mitigation provided by plans and programs listed under question A-13-b.

All mitigation measures are clearly outlined in the HCP. No additional mitigation measures have been developed for this proposal.

d. Based on the answers in questions A-13-a through A-13-c, is it likely potential impacts from this proposal could contribute to any environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a?

It is not likely potential impacts from this proposal will contribute to the environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a. DNR's HCP, the Policy for Sustainable Forests, and the Forest Practice rules substantially helps the Department to mitigate for cumulative effects related to management activities. These strategies have been incorporated in this proposal.

e. Complete the table below with the reasonably foreseeable future activities within the associated WAU(s) (add more lines as needed). Future is defined as occurring within the next 7 years.

WAU Name	Total WAU Acres	DNR- owned WAU Acres	Acres of DNR proposed even-aged harvest in the future	Acres of DNR proposed unevenaged harvest in the future	Acres of proposed harvest on non-DNR-managed lands currently under active FP permits
GOODMAN- MOSQUITO	76,565	13,073	821	506	964

Other management activities, such as stand and road maintenance, will likely occur within the associated WAU(s).

B. ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS

a. General description of the site (check one):

1. Earth

\square Flat, \square Rolling,	⊠ Hilly,	☐ Steep S	Slopes, \square	Mountainous,	\square Other:

1. General description of the associated WAU(s) or sub-basin(s) within the proposal (landforms, climate, elevations, and forest vegetation zone).

WAU:	GOODMAN-MOSQUITO
WAU Acres:	76565
Elevation Range:	0 - 1450 ft.
Mean Elevation:	246 ft.
Average Precipitation:	99 in./year
Primary Forest Vegetation Zone:	Sitka Spruce

2. Identify any difference between the proposal location and the general description of the WAU or sub-basin(s).

This proposal is a representative example of the WAU at the same elevation and aspect.

- b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)? 100%
- c. What general types of soils are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any agricultural land of long-term commercial significance and whether the proposal results in removing any of these soils.

Note: The following table is created from state soil survey data. It is an overview of general soils information for the soils found in the entire sale area. The actual soil conditions in the sale area may vary considerably based on land-form shapes, presence of erosive situations, and other factors.

State Soil Survey #	Soil Texture
5224 SILT LOAM	5224 SILT LOAM
3972 V.GRAVELLY LOAM	3972 V.GRAVELLY LOAM
5733 SILT LOAM	5733 SILT LOAM
3311 SILT LOAM	3311 SILT LOAM

d. Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so, describe.

\square No, go to question B-1-e.
⊠ Yes, briefly describe potentially unstable slopes or landforms in or around the area of the
proposal site. For further information, see question A-8 for related slope stability documents
and question A-10 for the FPA number(s) associated with this proposal.

This proposal is located on a range of slopes and is immediately adjacent to incised stream channels with actively slumping banks evidenced by over steepened slopes and exposed bare soil. Inner gorges associated with incised streams were identified by trained forestry staff. All bedrock hollows have been excluded from the sale area. Several relict bedrock deep-seated landslides were identified and field-verified by the state lands geologist.

<i>1)</i>	Does the proposal include any management activities proposed on potentially unstable
	slopes or landforms?

 \boxtimes *No* \square *Yes, describe the proposed activities:*

2) Describe any slope stability protection measures (including sale boundary location, road, and harvest system decisions) incorporated into this proposal.

All potentially unstable slopes have been excluded from harvest. Inner gorges along type 5 streams have been excluded from harvest with timber sale boundary tags. All bedrock hollows have been excluded from harvest with timber sale boundary tags. All but two deep seated landslides have been entirely excluded from harvest with timber sale boundary tags. The two deep-seated landslides within the sale boundary are both smooth, vegetated, and containing upright old growth stumps and predominantly straight conifers. The toe of dormant-indistinct DSL-1 is excluded from harvest in a riparian management zone with timber sale boundary tags. The headscarp of relict DSL-3 is protected from harvest within a leave tree area. See "Geologic Field Summary for Skeeter Timber Sale" for more information.

e. Describe the purpose, type, total area, and approximate quantities and total affected area of any filling, excavation, and grading proposed. Indicate source of fill.

Approx. acreage new roads: **0.6**Approx. acreage new landings: **0.5**

Fill Source: Mosquito Pit / Windfield Pit North and South

- f. Could erosion occur as a result of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe. Yes. Some erosion could occur as a result of building new roads, installing culverts, and hauling timber.
- g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)? *Approximate percent of proposal in permanent road running surface (includes gravel roads):*

Approximately 1% of the site will remain as gravel roads.

h. Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any: (Include protection measures for minimizing compaction or rutting.)

Harvesting and road construction will be restricted during periods of heavy rainfall when rutting and surface erosion may occur. Roads will be constructed with properly located ditches, ditch-outs, and cross-drains to divert water onto stable forest floors and/or into stable natural drainages. Best management practices will be utilized as necessary in proximity to live waters. Ground based operations will be suspended during periods of wet weather or wet soil conditions when rutting of skid or shovel roads begins.

2. Air

a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal during construction, operation, and maintenance when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known.

Minor amounts of engine exhaust from logging and road construction equipment and dust from vehicle traffic on roads will be emitted during proposed activities. If landing debris is burned after harvest is completed, smoke will be generated. There will be no emissions once the proposal is complete.

b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal? If so, generally describe.

None known.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to air, if any:

If landing debris is burned, it will be in accordance with Washington State's Smoke Management Plan. A burn permit will be obtained before burning occurs.

3. Water

a. Surface Water:

1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into. (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" as referenced on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions - Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)

 \square No \boxtimes Yes, describe in 3-a-1-a through 3-a-1-c below

a. Downstream water bodies:

Mosquito Creek, Goodman Creek, Pacific Ocean

b. Complete the following riparian & wetland management zone table:

Wetland, Stream, Lake, Pond, or	Water Type	Number (how	Avg RMZ/WMZ Width
Saltwater Name (if any)		many?)	in feet (per side for
			streams)
Mosquito Creek	1	1	150
Wetland	Forested	1	108
Stream	3	9	100-200
Stream	4	23	100-230
Stream	5	59	0-160

c. List any additional RMZ/WMZ protection measures including silvicultural prescriptions, road-related RMZ/WMZ protection measures and wind buffers.

In accordance with the Habitat Conservation Plan, on typed waters, all floodplains and unstable slopes are protected with variable width interior core buffers based on site specific conditions. One type 1 stream is protected with a 150' buffer. Type 3 streams are protected with 100-200' buffers. Forested wetlands are protected with a 108' buffer. Type 4 streams are protected with a 100'-230' buffer. All floodplains and unstable slopes have been excluded from harvest. Unstable Type 5 streams are protected with a variable width interior core buffer of 0'-160' and a 30' equipment limitation zone. Wind-throw probability was assessed and one additional 80 foot buffer was applied to a 240 foot stretch of type 4 stream.

2)	Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described waters? If yes, please describe and attach available plans.
	□ No □ Yes (See RMZ/WMZ table above and timber sale maps which are available on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa . Timber sale maps are also available at the DNR region office.)
	Description (include culverts):

Timber felling, bucking, yarding, and road maintenance and construction will occur within 200 feet of all the described waters above. All activities will be done in accordance with the DNR's HCP and Forest Practice rules. Timber harvest will occur within 200' of typed waters, but no closer than described above in questions B.3.a.1.b and B.3.a.1.c. Culvert work listed in A.11.C will occur within 200 feet of the described waters above. See attached timber sale maps and FP application with accompanying maps for more details.

3)	surface water	amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected. ource of fill material.
4)	description, p	osal require surface water withdrawals or diversions? Give general urpose, and approximate quantities if known. (Include diversions for fishert installation.)
	$\boxtimes No$	☐ Yes, description:
5)	Does the prop	osal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan.
	$\boxtimes No$	☐ Yes, describe activity and location:
6)	describe the t It is not likel However, mi discharged to	osal involve any discharges of waste materials to surface waters? If so, ype of waste and anticipated volume of discharge. y that any waste materials will be discharged into the surface water(s). nor amounts of oil, fuel, and other lubricants may inadvertently be the adjacent surface water(s) as a result of heavy equipment use or failure. No lubricants will be disposed of on-site.
7)		ential for eroded material to enter surface water as a result of the proposal he protection measures incorporated into the proposal's design?
	than 70%. T	☑ Yes, describe: rain susceptible to surface erosion are generally located on slopes steeper he potential for eroded material to enter surface water is minimized due n control measures and operational procedures outlined in B-1-h.
8)	What are the	approximate road miles per square mile in the associated WAU(s)?
	GOODMAN	-MOSQUITO = 2.1 (mi./sq. mi.)
9)	•	est roads or ditches within the associated $WAU(s)$ that deliver surface water than back to the forest floor?
	\square No	⊠ Yes, describe:
	and deliver s	me roads or road ditches within the WAU intercept sub-surface flow urface water to streams, however current road construction, on, and/or maintenance standards will be applied that address this issue cross-drains to deliver ditch water to stable forest floors.

10)	(accelerated a	nce of changes to channels associated with peak flows in the proposal area aggradations, surface erosion, mass wasting, decrease in large organic change in channel dimensions)?
	\square No	
	result of natu events. Chan channels acro	ence of changes to channels across the WAU(s). These changes are a ral events such as spring runoff from snowmelt and significant storm nel migration, scouring, and deposition of material can be seen in less the WAU(s); this indicates those channels historically experience levels and peak flows.
11)	•	anticipated contributions to peak flows resulting from this proposal's ch could impact areas downstream or downslope of the proposal area.
	water during to other recer road drainag buffers which	the proposed activity will change the timing, duration, or volume of a peak flow event. This proposal limits harvest unit size and proximity at harvests, minimizes the extent of the road network, incorporates e disconnected from stream networks, and implements wide riparian all have mitigating effects on the potential for this proposal to a flows that could impact areas downstream or downslope of the a.
12)		er resource (public, domestic, agricultural, hatchery, etc.), or area of slope wnstream or downslope of the proposed activity?
	$\boxtimes No$	\square Yes, describe the water resource(s):
	•	water resource or an area of slope instability listed in B-3-12 (above) will changes in amounts, quality or movements of surface water as a result of
	$\boxtimes No$	☐ Yes, describe possible impacts:
13)	and programs	protection measures, in addition to those required by other existing plans (i.e. the HCP, DNR landscape plans) and current forest practice rules is proposal that mitigate potential negative effects on water quality and acts.
	will allow for standards wil water onto sta channels. Ma functions, and	mber harvest and road maintenance activities during peak rain events increased resource protection. Road development and maintenance I minimize impacts by using cross-drains and ditch-outs to release ditchable forest floors where flow energy can dissipate prior to reach stream aintaining RMZ's on streams will aid bank stability, hydrologic d provide recruitment of LWD. See B.1.d.2, B.1.h, and B.3.a.1 for tails on protections measures within this proposal.

- b. Ground Water:
 - 1) Will groundwater be withdrawn from a well for drinking water or other purposes? If so, give a general description of the well, proposed uses and approximate quantities withdrawn from the well. Will water be discharged to groundwater? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No water will be withdrawn or discharged.

2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals; agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

Minor amounts of oil, fuel, and other lubricants may inadvertently be discharged to the ground as a result of heavy equipment use or mechanical failure. No lubricants will be disposed of on-site. All spills are required to be contained and cleaned-up. This proposal is expected to have no impact on ground water.

3)		er resource use (public, domestic, agricultural, hatchery, etc.), or area of ty, <u>downstream or downslope</u> of the proposed activity?
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe:
	a. Is it likely a water resource or an area of slope instability listed in B-3-b-3 (above) could be affected by changes in amounts, timing, or movements of groundwater as a result this proposal?	
	$\boxtimes No$	☐ Yes, describe possible impacts:
	Note protection	on measures, if any:

- c. Water runoff (including stormwater):
 - 1) Describe the source of runoff (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

Water runoff, including storm water, from road surfaces will be collected by roadside ditches and diverted onto the forest floor via ditch-outs and cross drain culverts.

	2)	Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe.
		 □ No □ Yes, describe: Waste materials, such as sediment or slash, may enter surface water.
		Note protection measures, if any: No additional protection measures will be necessary to protect these resources beyond those described in B-1-d-2, B-1-h, B-3-a-2, and B-3-a-13.
	3)	Does the proposal alter or otherwise affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site? If so, describe. No changes to drainage patterns are expected.
	impact See su	sed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and runoff water, and drainage pattern its, if any: rface water, ground water, and water runoff sections above, questions B-3-a-1-c, B-3-B-3-b-3, and B-3-c-2.
4.	Plants	
		the types of vegetation found on the site:
	⊠ Deci	duous tree:
	\boxtimes A1	$\operatorname{der} \square \operatorname{Aspen} \square \operatorname{\textit{Birch}} \boxtimes \operatorname{\textit{Cottonwood}} \boxtimes \operatorname{Maple} \square \operatorname{\textit{Western Larch}}$
	☐ Ot	her:
	⊠ Everg	green tree:
	$\boxtimes Do$	ouglas-Fir \square Engelmann Spruce \square Grand Fir \square Lodgepole Pine
	\square Mo	ountain Hemlock 🗆 Pacific Silver Fir 💢 Ponderosa Pine 🗵 Sitka Spruce
	$\boxtimes W\epsilon$	estern Hemlock 🛮 Western Redcedar 🗀 Yellow Cedar
	☐ Otl	her:
	⊠ Shrub	os:
	$\boxtimes Hi$	uckleberry \square Rhododendron $oxtimes$ Salmonberry $oxtimes$ Salal
	\Box Ot	·
	\boxtimes Ferns	s: Swordfern, Lady fern, Bracken Fern
	☐ Pastu	re
	☐ Crop	or Grain
	\Box O_{i}	rchards \square Vineyard \square Other Permanent Crops
	⊠ Wet S	Soil Plants:
	□ Bu	ıllrush □ Buttercup □ Cattail ⊠ <i>Devil's Club</i> ⊠ Skunk Cabbage
	□ Ot	her:
	☐ Wate	r plants:
	□ Ee	lgrass □ Milfoil □ Water Lily
	□ Ot	her:
	☐ Other	types of vegetation:
		communities of concern:

b. What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered? (Also see answers to questions A-11-a, A-11-b and B-3-a-2).

Approximately 4,184 MBF of 34-44 year-old timber will be harvested with this proposal.

Describe the species, age, and structural diversity of the timber types immediately adjacent to the removal area. (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions - Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)

Unit 1 is bordered to the south and east by private clearcut, and to the north and west by 44-year-old state timber.

Unit 2 is bordered to the west by Olympic National Park, to the north by Mosquito creek and its associated RMZ, to the south by 44 year old state timber, and to the east by 44 year old state timber.

c. List threatened and endangered *plant* species known to be on or near the site.

None found in corporate database or found during sale recon and layout.

d. Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any:

Retaining existing stands within bounded out areas throughout the proposal, leave tree areas within harvest units, and replanting with native conifer species in the VRH units following harvest. Other native conifer and deciduous species may regenerate naturally onsite.

e. List all noxious weeds and invasive species known to be on or near the site.

Scotch broom, English holly, Himalayan blackberry.

5. Animals

b.	List any birds and other animals or unique habitats which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site. Examples include: birds: □ eagle □ hawk □ heron □ owls □ songbirds □ other: mammals: □ bear □ beaver □ coyote □ cougar □ deer □ elk □ other: fish: □ bass □ herring □ salmon □ shellfish □ trout □ other: amphibians/reptiles: □ frog □ lizard □ salamander □ snake □ turtle □ other: unique habitats: □ balds □ caves □ cliffs □ mineral springs □ oak woodlands □ talus slopes □ other: Eagles were observed in flight, nearest known nest is 0.53 miles to the west along Mosquito Creek List any threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site (include federal- and state-listed species).				
r	ΓSU Number	Common Name	Federal Listing Status	State Listing Status	
-	EETER U1	Northern Spotted Owl	Threatened	Endangered	
SKI				0	
	EETER U1	Marbled murrelet	Threatened	Endangered	

d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any:

Note existing or proposed protection measures, if any, for the complete proposal described in question A-11.

Species/Habitat: Marbled Murrelet

Protection Measures: The proposal area was evaluated for habitat protection or other marbled murrelet conservation opportunities. Previously modeled potential long term forest cover (LTFC) is being updated as a result of layout fieldwork. The proposal does not occur within a marbled murrelet special habitat area or occupied site, and does not contain murrelet habitat (P-stage) that has been designated for metering. Road maintenance and right-of-way harvest is proposed within 100 meters of occupied murrelet habitat. Timber harvest and heavy equipment operations within 100 meters of occupied murrelet habitat will be subject to marbled murrelet timing restrictions of two hours after sunrise to two hours before sunset from April 1 through September 23.

Species /Habitat: Spotted Owl

Protection Measures: The DNR mitigates for the potential of significant adverse environmental impacts to northern spotted owls in the OESF by implementing the HCP strategy. This strategy established threshold percentages for spotted owl habitat on

DNR-managed lands for Landscape Planning Units (LPU). Each LPU is managed to achieve and maintain at least 20% Old Forest Habitat and at least 40% of Old and Young Forest (or Structural) Habitat types taken together according to a schedule of habitat enhancement and harvest activities developed within the Forest Land

Plan (FLP). Currently 23.5% of the Goodman LPU is habitat. This proposal is considered non-habitat in accordance to the OESF NSO Habitat Model.

Species /Habitat: Riparian and Wetland

Protection Measures: Interior core buffers have been applied to all Type 1, 3, 4 and unstable 5 waters, and Forested Wetlands, as well as equipment limitation zones on all typed waters and Forested wetlands, as described in B.3.a.1)b). One additional 80ft buffer was added to a type 4 stream that was determined to be susceptible to wind throw. Buffers are designed to protect the unstable portions of the stream banks, protect waters and wetlands from siltation, and decrease water temperatures by providing shade and cover. Buffers also allow the natural occurrence of woody debris that provides pools and eddies for fish habitat along stream banks. Furthermore, these buffers will develop old-forest characteristics that, in combination with the owl and murrelet strategies, will help support old-forest dependent wildlife.

Species /Habitat: Upland

Protection Measures: Harvest will not occur in areas with moderate or high risk of slope failure or delivery to a public resource. Wind-firm, dominant, and structurally unique trees were targeted for retention. A minimum of eight trees per acre were retained individually and in clumps to provide habitat structures for wildlife species within VRH units. Timber removal will temporarily create open environments that provide valuable foraging and potential habitat for a variety of wildlife species associated with early-stage forest environments.

e. List any invasive animal species known to be on or near the site.

None

6. Energy and natural resources

a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc.

Petroleum fuel (diesel or gasoline) will be used for heavy equipment during active road building, timber harvest operations, and for transportation. No energy sources will be needed following project completion.

b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties?
 If so, generally describe.
 No.

c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any:
 None.

7. Environmental health

- a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste that could occur as a result of this proposal? If so, describe.
 - 1) Describe any known or possible contamination at the site from present or past uses. **None known.**
 - Describe existing hazardous chemicals/conditions that might affect project development and design. This includes underground hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines located within the project area and in the vicinity.
 None known.
 - 3) Describe any toxic or hazardous chemicals that might be stored, used, or produced during the project's development or construction, or at any time during the operating life of the project.

Petroleum-based fuel and lubricants may be used and stored on site during the operating life of this project.

4) Describe special emergency services that might be required.

The Department of Natural Resources, private, and fire protection district suppression crews may be needed in case of wildfire. In the event of personal injuries, emergency medical services may be required. Hazardous material spills may require Department of Ecology and/or county assistance.

5) Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any:
No petroleum-based products will be disposed of on site. If a spill occurs,
containment and cleanup will be required. Spill kits are required to be onsite
during all heavy equipment operations. The cessation of operations may occur
during periods of increased fire risk. Fire tools and equipment, including
pump trucks and/or pump trailers, will be required on site during fire season.

NOTE: If contamination of the environment is suspected, the proponent must contact the Department of Ecology.

b. Noise

- What types of noise exist in the area which may affect your project (for example: traffic, equipment, operation, other)?
 None.
- 2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis (for example: traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site.
 There will be short term, low level and high level noise created by the use of harvesting equipment and hauling operations within the proposal area. This type of noise has been historically present in this geographical area.
- 3) Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any: **None.**

8. Land and shoreline use

a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties? Will the proposal affect current land uses on nearby or adjacent properties? If so, describe. (Site includes the complete proposal, e.g. rock pits and access roads.)

Current use of site and adjacent land types:

This proposal will not change the use of or affect the current/long term land use of areas associated with this sale.

- b. Has the project site been used as working farmlands or working forest lands? If so, describe. How much agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance will be converted to other uses as a result of the proposal, if any? If resource lands have not been designated, how many acres in farmland or forest land tax status will be converted to nonfarm or nonforest use?
 - This proposal site has been used as working forest lands. This proposal will retain the site in working forest lands.
 - 1) Will the proposal affect or be affected by surrounding working farm or forest land normal business operations, such as oversize equipment access, the application of pesticides, tilling, and harvesting? If so, how:

 No.

c. Describe any structures on the site.

None.

d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what?

No.

e. What is the current zoning classification of the site?

Forestland

f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site?

Commercial Forest

- g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site? **Not applicable.**
- h. Has any part of the site been classified as a critical area by the city or county? If so, specify. **No.**
- i. Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project? **None.**
- j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace? **None.**
- k. Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any: **Does not apply.**
- 1. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any:

This project is consistent with current comprehensive plans and zoning classifications.

m. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts to agricultural and forest lands of long-term commercial significance, if any:

None.

9. Housing

a. Approximately how many units would be provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.

Does not apply.

b. Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.

Does not apply.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any: **None.**

10. Aesthetics

- a. What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed?
 Does not apply.
- b. What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed?
 - 1) Is this proposal visible from a residential area, town, city, recreation site, major transportation route or designated scenic corridor (e.g., county road, state or interstate highway, US route, river or Columbia Gorge SMA)?
 - \boxtimes No \square Yes, name of the location, transportation route or scenic corridor:
 - 2) How will this proposal affect any views described above? N/A
- c. Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any:

The sale area will be replanted with native species following harvest. Leave trees will provide visual breaks and distribution of harvest units within the landscape will reduce the aesthetic impact of the view shed.

11. Light and glare

a. What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainly occur?

None.

- b. Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views? **No.**
- c. What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal? **None.**
- d. Proposed measures to reduce or control light and glare impacts, if any:

 None.

12. Recreation

a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?

Dispersed informal recreation in the form of hiking, hunting, fishing, berry picking, and sightseeing. Logging roads are also used for ATV/motorcycles, mountain bike riding, and horseback riding.

b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe.

There may be some disruptions to recreational use during periods of harvesting and hauling.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any:

13. Historic and cultural preservation

a. Are there any buildings, structures, or sites, located on or near the site that are over 45 years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers? If so, specifically describe.

None

- b. Are there any landmarks, features, or other evidence of Indian or historic use or occupation? This may include human burials or old cemeteries. Are there any material evidence, artifacts, or areas of cultural importance on or near the site? Please list any professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources.

 None
- c. Describe the methods used to assess the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources on or near the project site. Examples include consultation with tribes and the department of archeology and historic preservation, archaeological surveys, historic maps, GIS data, etc. A check of the Department of Archaeology and Historical Preservation (DAHP) database, historic USGS map on available GIS layer, and Land Resource Manager (LRM) Special Concerns Report was used to identify cultural resources in the proposed project area.
- d. Proposed measures to avoid, minimize, or compensate for loss, changes to, and disturbance to resources. Please include plans for the above and any permits that may be required. If a presently-unknown cultural resource is discovered during project operations, DNR will comply with the March 2010 Cultural Resources Inadvertent Discovery Guidance.

14. Transportation

- Identify public streets and highways serving the site or affected geographic area and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any. HWY 101, Oil City Rd
- b. Is the site or affected geographic area currently served by public transit? If so, generally describe. If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop?

 No. Nearest transit spot is approximately 20 miles away.
- c. How many additional parking spaces would the completed project or non-project proposal have? How many would the project or proposal eliminate?
 None.
- d. Will the proposal require any new or improvements to existing roads, streets, pedestrian, bicycle or state transportation facilities, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private).
 Yes, see A-11-c.

		surrounding area and any existing safety problem(s), if at all? This project will have minimal to no additional impacts on the overall transportation system in the area.
	e.	Will the project or proposal use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe. No.
	f.	How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project or proposal? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur and what percentage of the volume would be trucks (such as commercial and non-passenger vehicles). What data or transportation models were used to make these estimates? Approximately 10 to 15 truck trips per day while the operation is active. Peak volumes would occur during the yarding and loading activities between 4:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. of the operating period. The completed project will generate less than one vehicular trip per day.
		Estimates are based on the observed harvest traffic of past projects.
	g.	Will the proposal interfere with, affect or be affected by the movement of agricultural and forest products on roads or streets in the area? If so, generally describe. No.
	h.	Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any: None.
15.	. Pı	ablic services
	a.	Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, public transit, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe. No.
	b.	Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any. None.
16	. Ut	tilities
		Check utilities currently available at the site: electricity □ natural gas □ water □ refuse service □ telephone □ sanitary sewer septic system □ other:
	b.	Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which might be needed. None.

1) How does this proposal impact the overall transportation system/circulation in the

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The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.
Signature: Tic Camacho-Roldan
Name of signee Eric Camacho-Roldan
Position and Agency/Organization DNR
Date Submitted:12/12/24

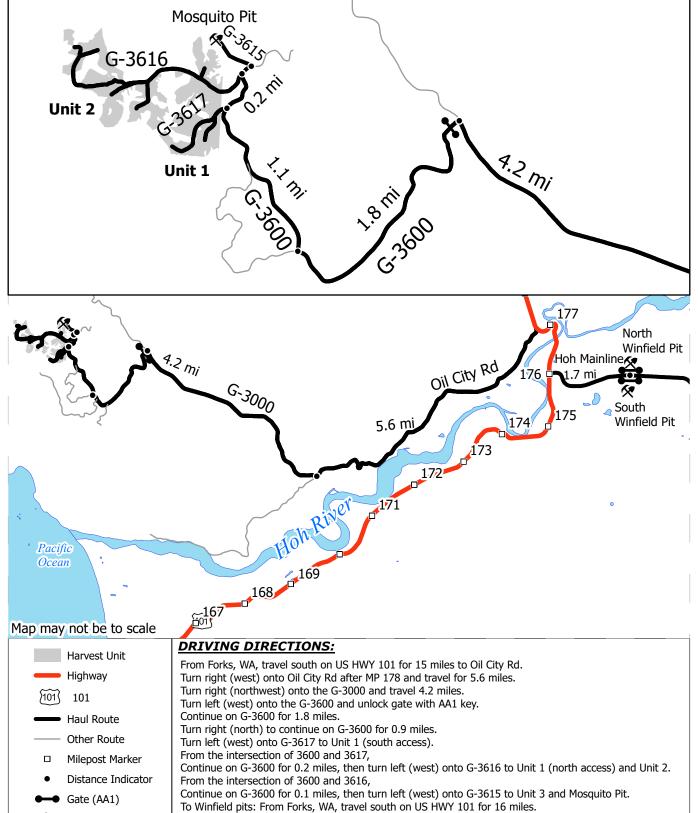
SALE NAME: SKEETER AGREEMENT#: 30-106464 TOWNSHIP(S): T27R14W

Rock Pit

Open Water

TRUST(S): Common School and Indemnity (3)

REGION: Olympic Region COUNTY(S): Jefferson ELEVATION RGE: 120-600

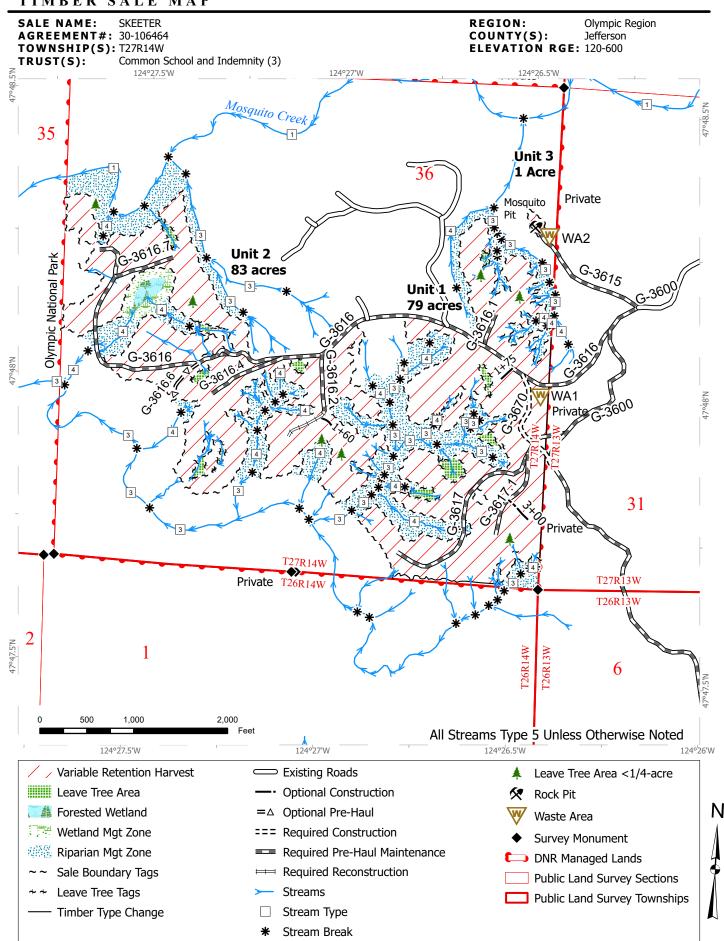


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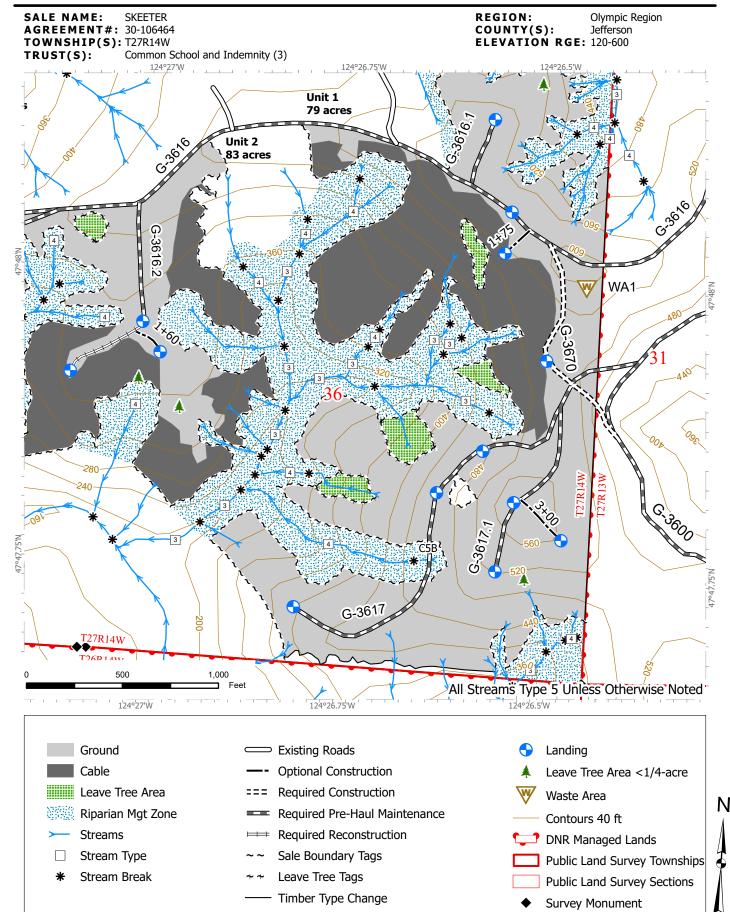
From US HWY 101 turn left (east) onto Hoh Mainline after MP 176 and travel for 1.6 miles.

Turn left (north access), unlock gate with AA1 key, continue to Winfield North pit.

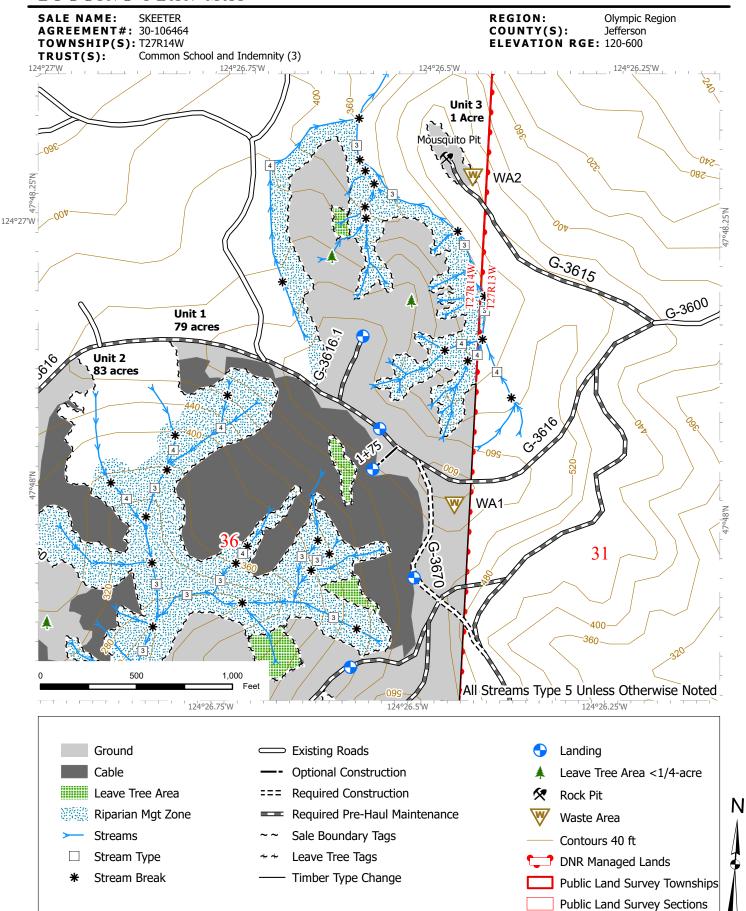
Turn right (south), unlock gate with AA1 key, continue to Winfield South pit.



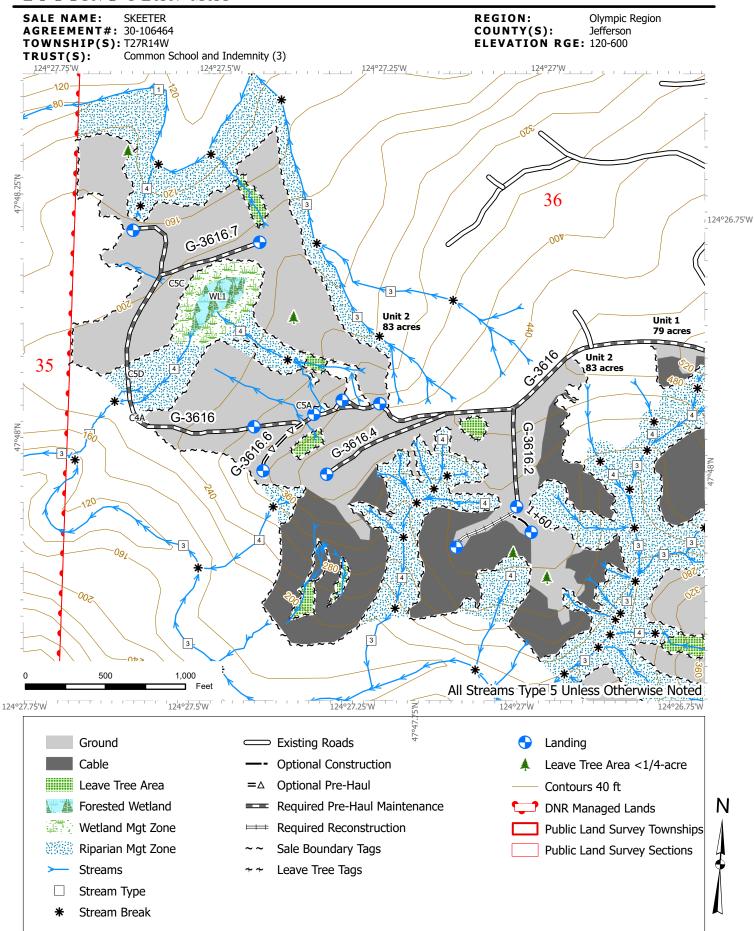
Prepared By: cbtt490 Modification Date: cbtt490 12/9/2024



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