

GEOLOGIC UNITS

SEDIMENTARY DEPOSITS

QUATERNARY SEDIMENTARY DEPOSITS

- Qd Dune sand (Holocene)
- Qa Alluvium (Holocene)
- Qls Mass-wasting deposits (Holocene to Pleistocene)
- Ql Loess (Holocene to Pleistocene)
- Qaf Alluvial fans (Holocene to Pleistocene)
- Qts Outburst flood deposits, silt and sand (Pleistocene)
- Qfg Outburst flood deposits, gravel (Pleistocene)
- Qt Terrace deposits (Pleistocene)

TERTIARY SEDIMENTARY DEPOSITS

- Mc Continental sedimentary deposits (upper and middle Miocene)
- Mcq Continental sedimentary deposits, conglomerate (upper Miocene)

TERTIARY VOLCANIC ROCKS

COLUMBIA RIVER BASALT GROUP

SADDLE MOUNTAINS BASALT

- Mvsem Elephant Mountain Member (upper Miocene)
- Mvsp Pomona Member (middle Miocene)
- Mvsu Umatilla Member (middle Miocene)

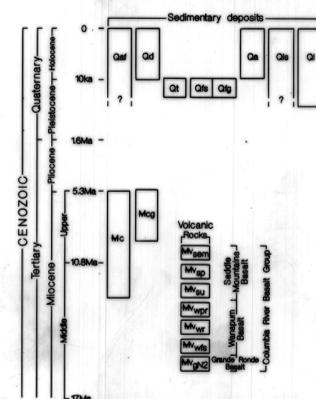
WANAPUM BASALT (MIDDLE MIOCENE)

- Mvwp Priest Rapids Member
- Mvwr Rosa Member
- Mvws Frenchman Springs Member

GRANDE RONDE BASALT (MIDDLE MIOCENE)

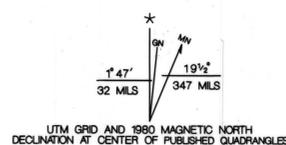
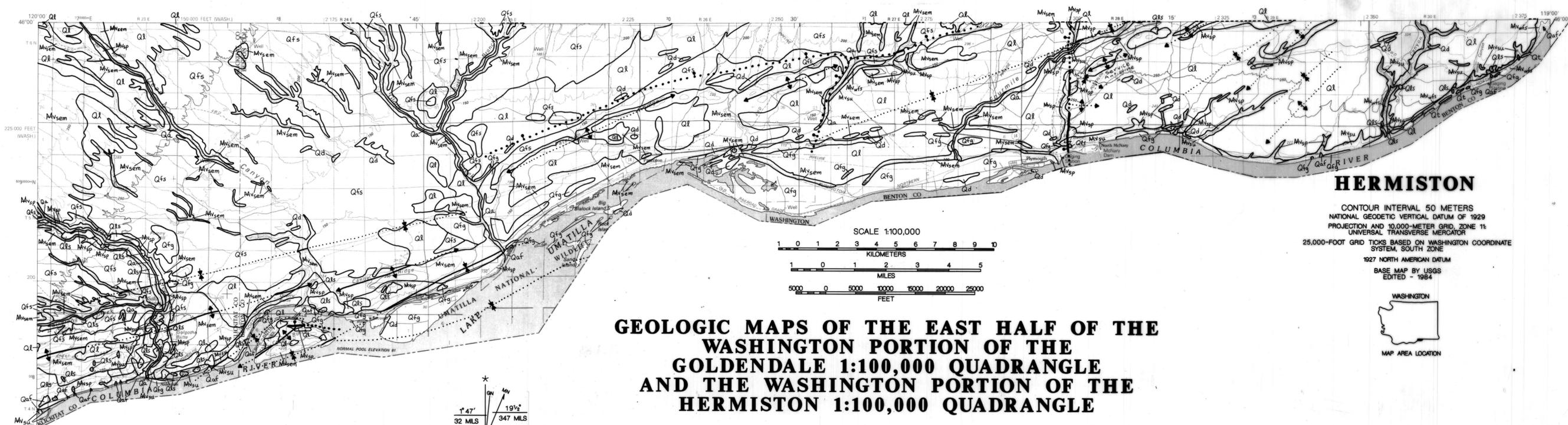
- Mvgr2 Upper flows of normal magnetic polarity

CORRELATION DIAGRAM



EXPLANATION

- contact.
- - - scratch boundary (unresolved differences between source maps).
- normal fault, dotted where concealed, bar and ball on downthrown side.
- thrust fault, dotted where concealed, teeth on upper plate.
- strike-slip fault, dotted where concealed, arrows show relative movement.
- anticline, dotted where concealed, showing plunge direction.
- syncline, dotted where concealed, showing plunge direction.
- monocline, dotted where concealed, arrow on steeper limb.
- 3/ strike and dip of inclined beds.
- horizontal beds
- ← same geologic unit.



Compiled by
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